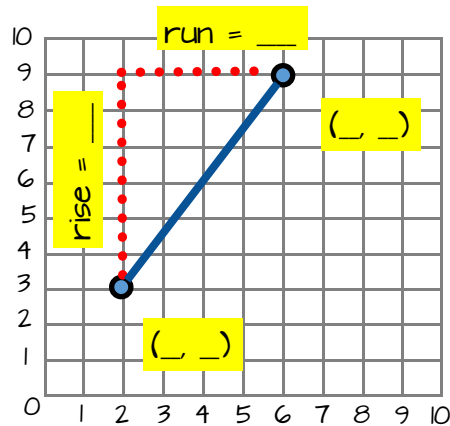


Slope

I can solve problems involving slope as rise over run and as rate of change.

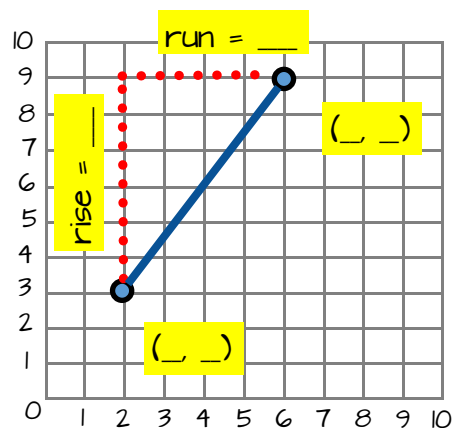
Name _____



Slope

I can solve problems involving slope as rise over run and as rate of change.

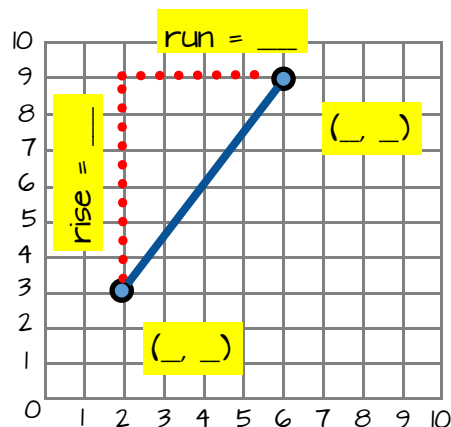
Name _____



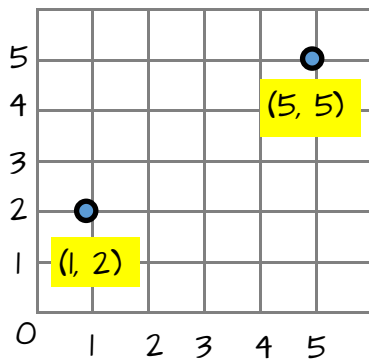
Slope

I can solve problems involving slope as rise over run and as rate of change.

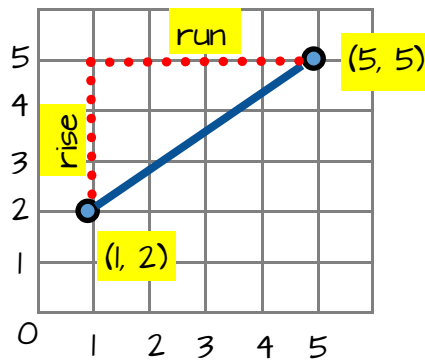
Name _____



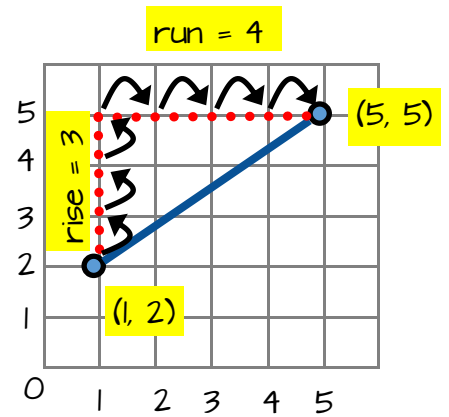
1. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



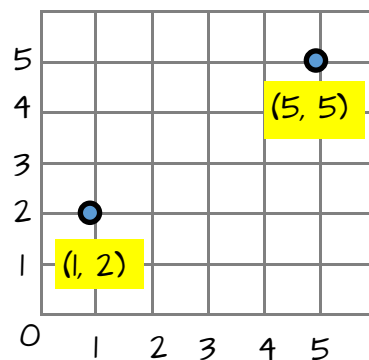
Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



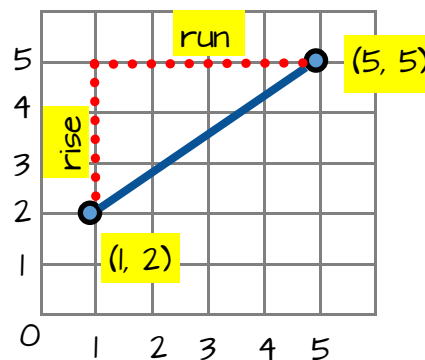
Find the rise.

Find the run.

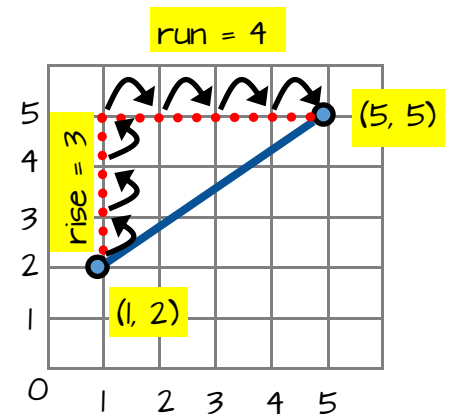
1. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



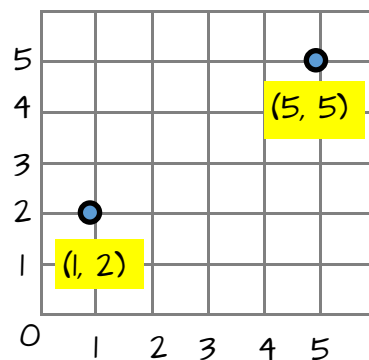
Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



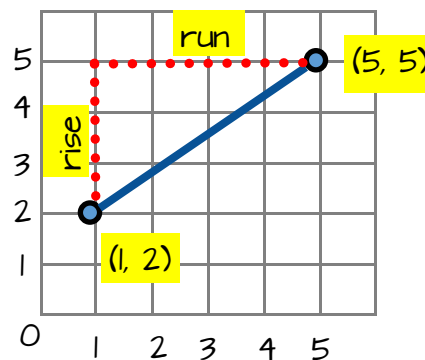
Find the rise.

Find the run.

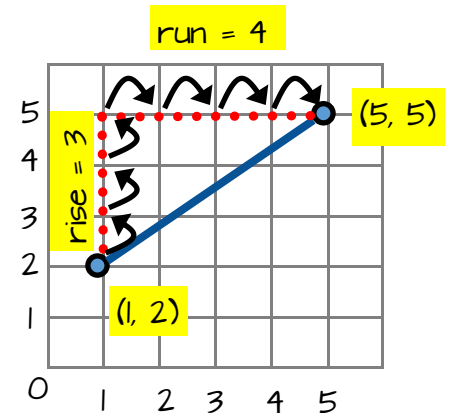
1. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



Find the rise.

Find the run.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

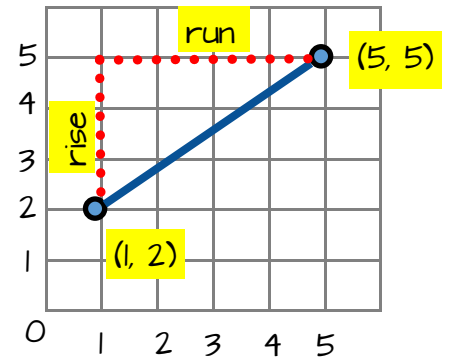
Change in x (run)

$$\begin{array}{l} \Delta y \\ y_2 = 5 \\ y_1 = 2 \\ \Delta x \\ x_2 = 5 \\ x_1 = 1 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(5 - 2)}{(5 - 1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{3}{4}$$



The slope of the line is $\frac{3}{4}$.

For every rise of three there is a run of four.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

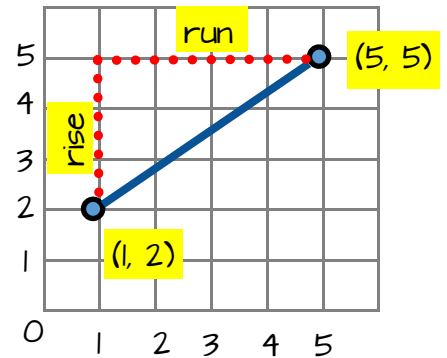
Change in x (run)

$$\begin{array}{l} \Delta y \\ y_2 = 5 \\ y_1 = 2 \\ \Delta x \\ x_2 = 5 \\ x_1 = 1 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(5 - 2)}{(5 - 1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{3}{4}$$



The slope of the line is $\frac{3}{4}$.

For every rise of three there is a run of four.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

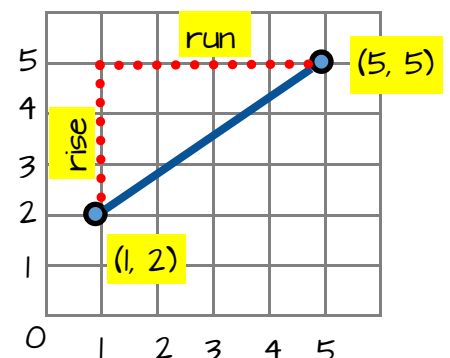
Change in x (run)

$$\begin{array}{l} \Delta y \\ y_2 = 5 \\ y_1 = 2 \\ \Delta x \\ x_2 = 5 \\ x_1 = 1 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(5 - 2)}{(5 - 1)}$$

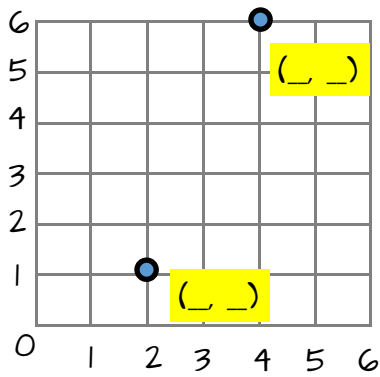
$$\text{Slope} = \frac{3}{4}$$



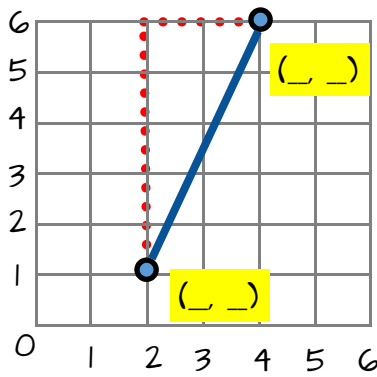
The slope of the line is $\frac{3}{4}$.

For every rise of three there is a run of four.

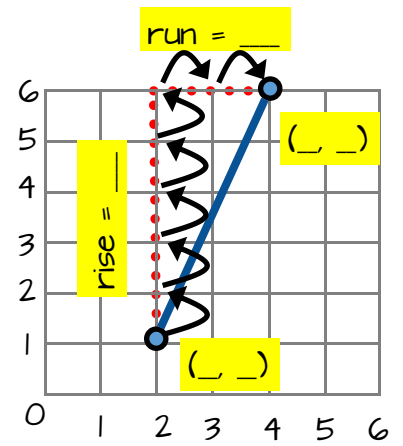
2. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



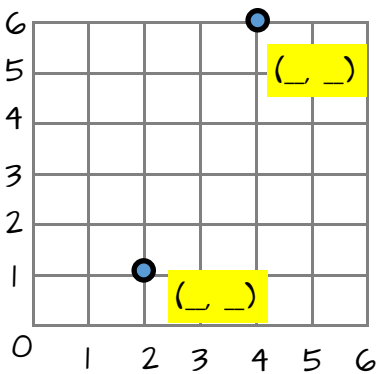
Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



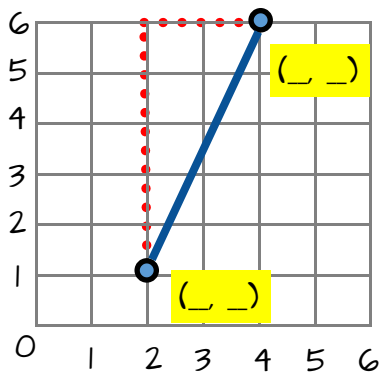
Find the rise.

Find the run.

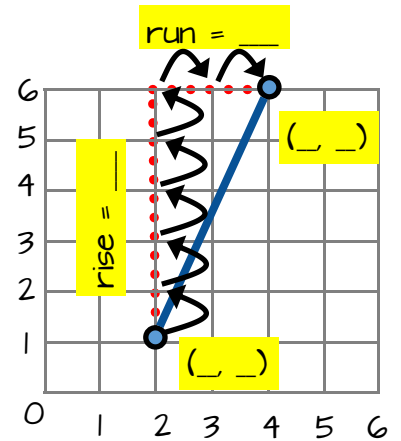
2. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



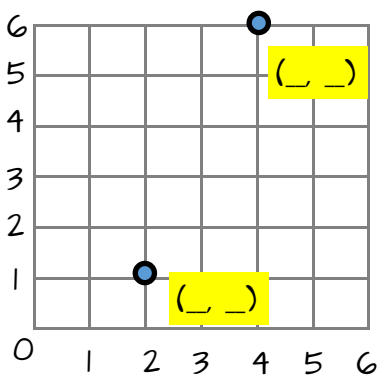
Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



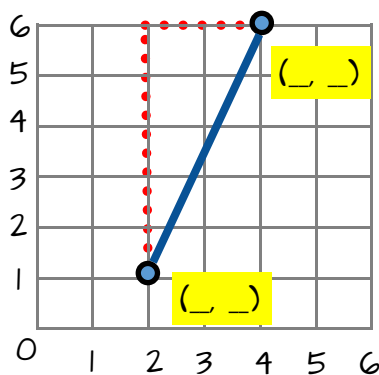
Find the rise.

Find the run.

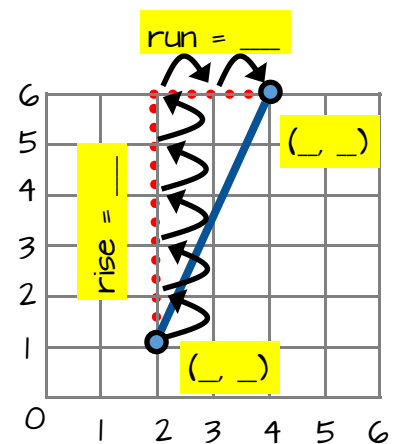
2. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



Find the rise.

Find the run.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

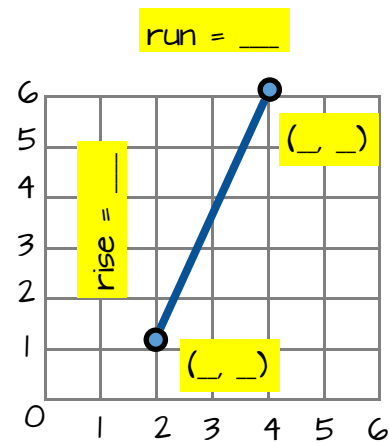
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
Δx
$x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\underline{\quad}}{\underline{\quad}}$$



The slope of the line is .

For every rise of ___ there is a run of ___.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

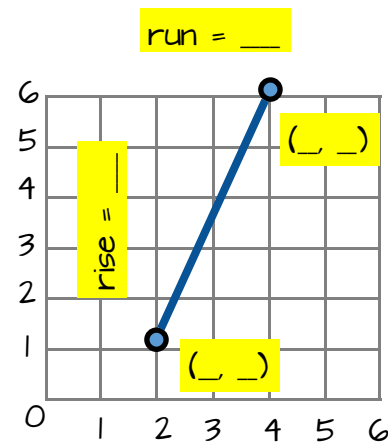
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
Δx
$x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\underline{\quad}}{\underline{\quad}}$$



The slope of the line is .

For every rise of ___ there is a run of ___.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

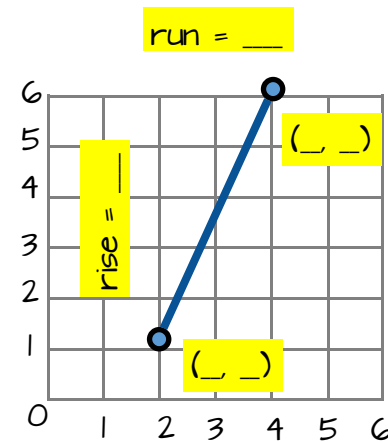
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
Δx
$x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}$$

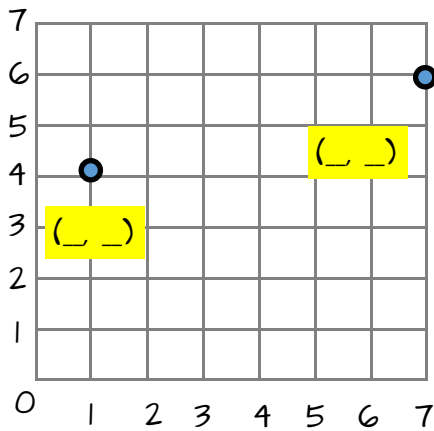
$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\underline{\quad}}{\underline{\quad}}$$



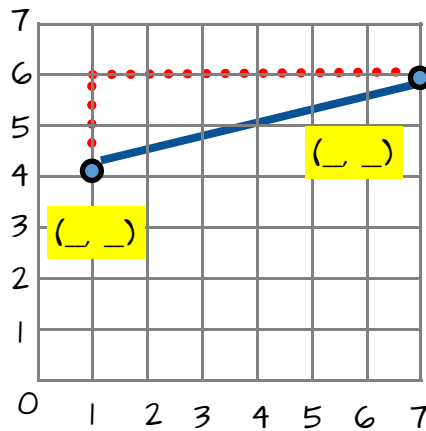
The slope of the line is .

For every rise of ___ there is a run of ___.

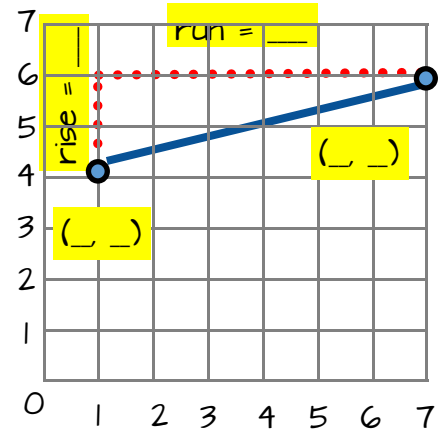
3. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



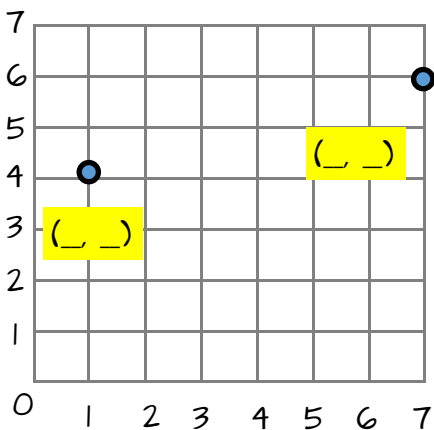
Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



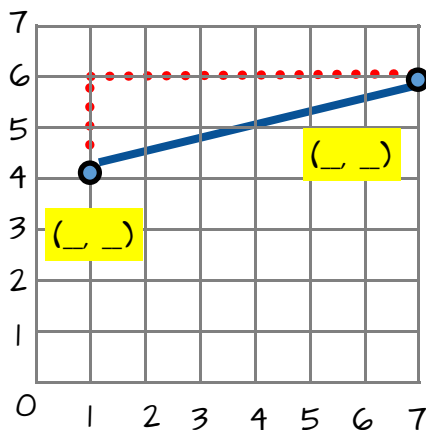
Find the rise.

Find the run.

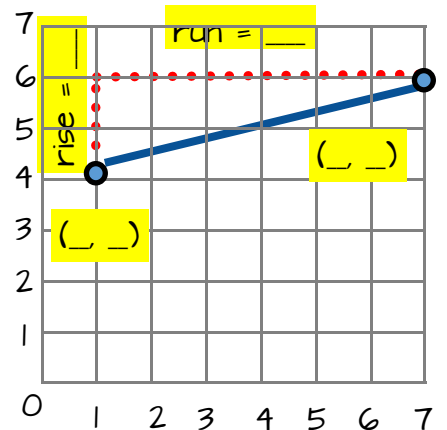
3. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



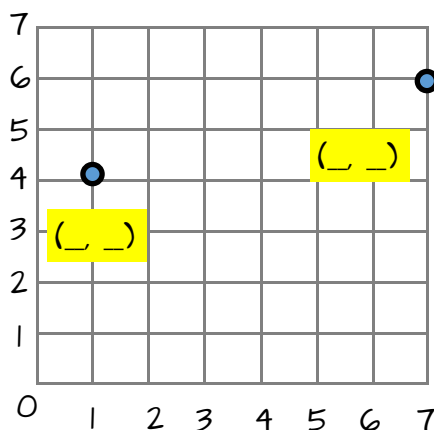
Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



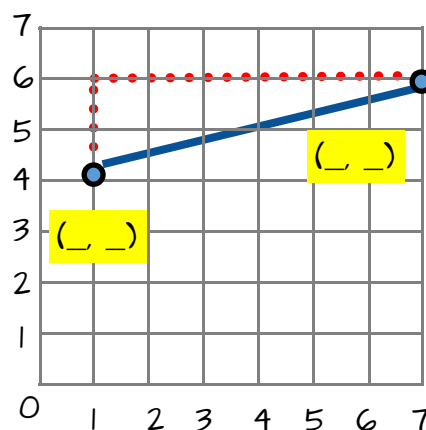
Find the rise.

Find the run.

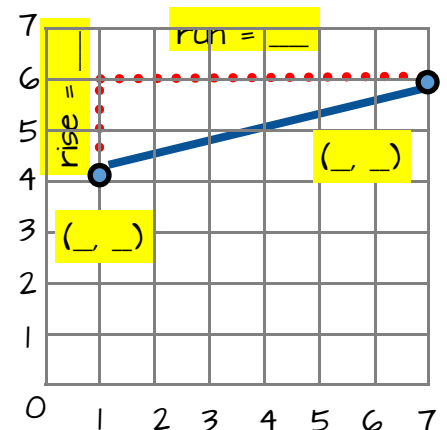
3. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



Find the rise.

Find the run.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

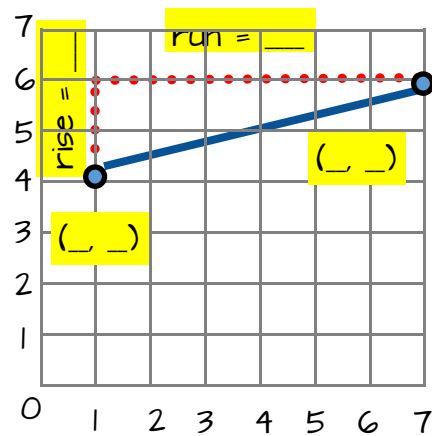
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
Δx
$x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\underline{\quad}}{\underline{\quad}}$$



The slope of the line is .

For every rise of ___ there is a run of ___.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

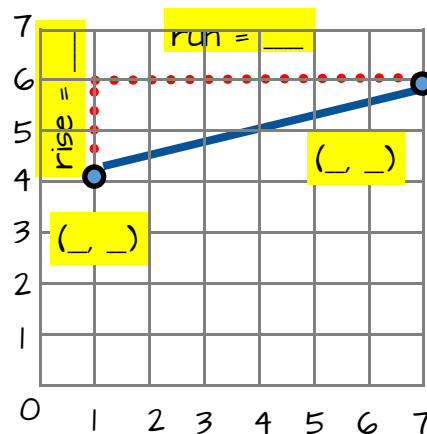
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
Δx
$x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\underline{\quad}}{\underline{\quad}}$$



The slope of the line is .

For every rise of ___ there is a run of ___.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

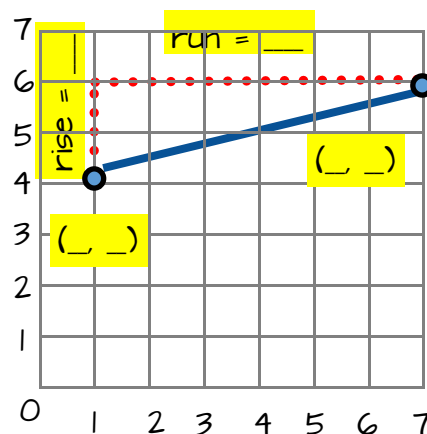
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
Δx
$x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}$$

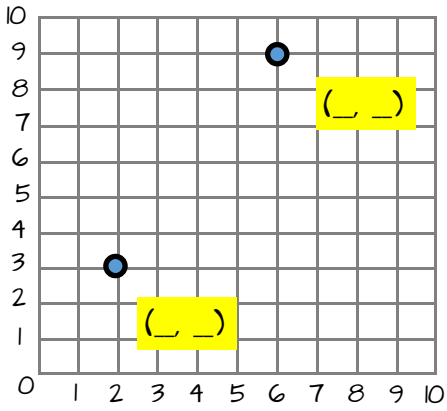
$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\underline{\quad}}{\underline{\quad}}$$



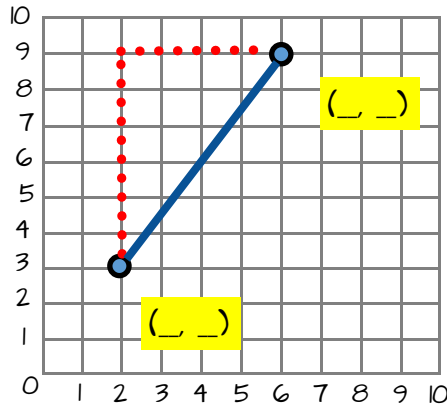
The slope of the line is .

For every rise of ___ there is a run of ___.

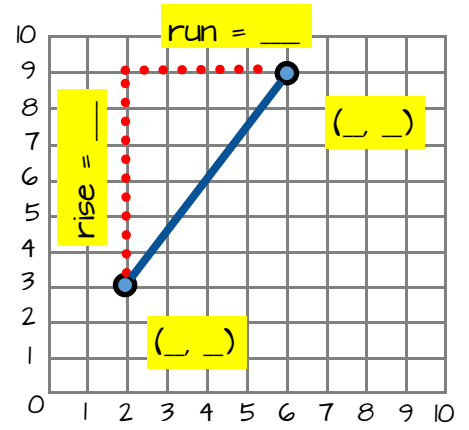
4. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



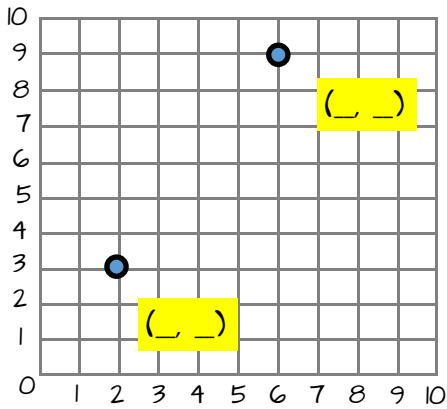
Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



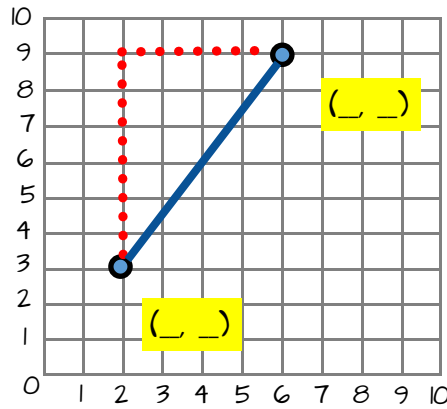
Find the rise.

Find the run.

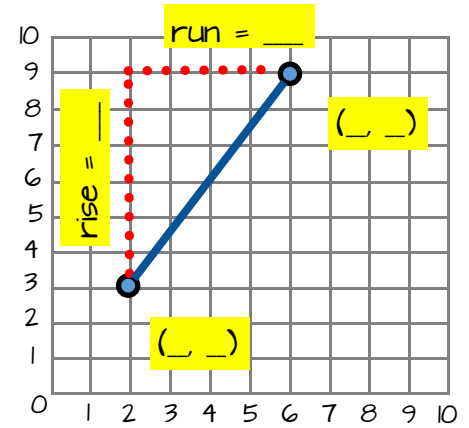
4. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



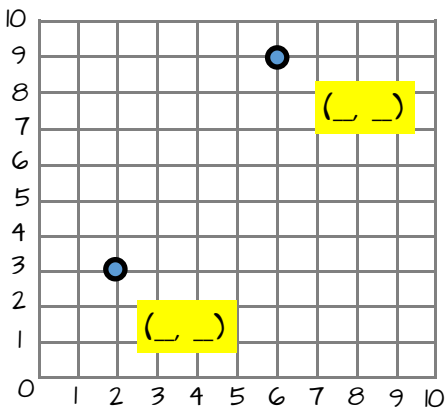
Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



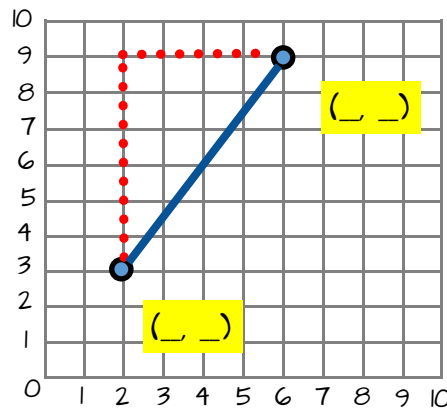
Find the rise.

Find the run.

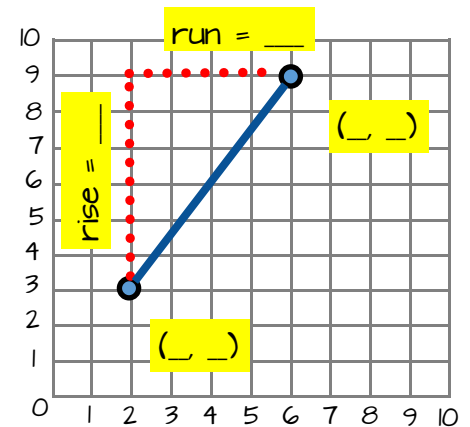
4. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



Find the rise.

Find the run.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

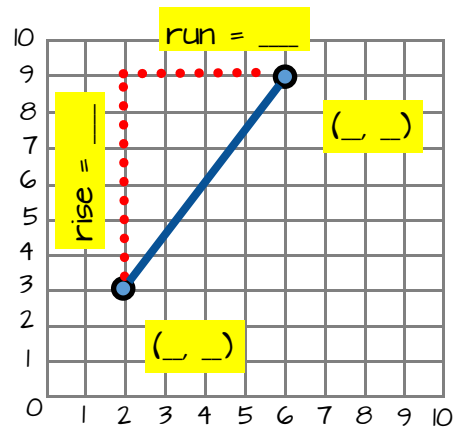
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
Δx
$x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\underline{\quad}}{\underline{\quad}}$$



The slope of the line is .

For every rise of ___ there is a run of ___.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

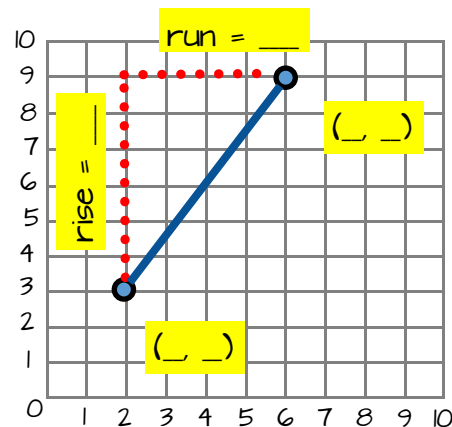
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
Δx
$x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\underline{\quad}}{\underline{\quad}}$$



The slope of the line is .

For every rise of ___ there is a run of ___.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

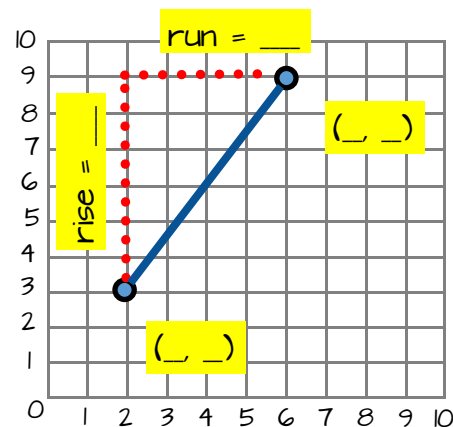
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
Δx
$x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}$$

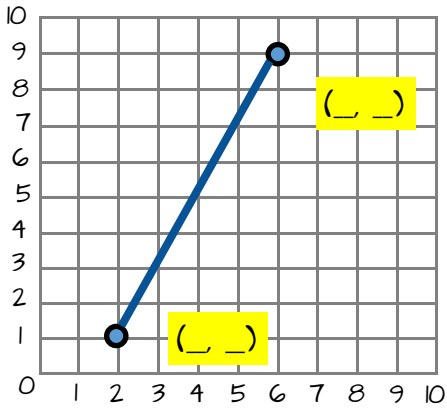
$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\underline{\quad}}{\underline{\quad}}$$



The slope of the line is .

For every rise of ___ there is a run of ___.

5. Find the slope



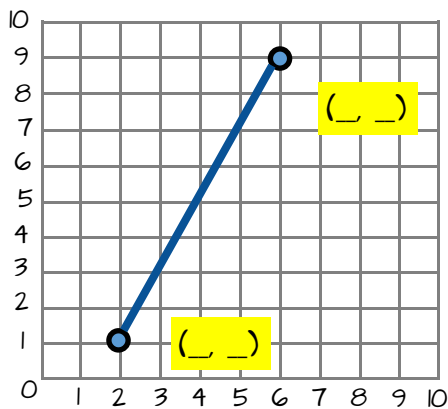
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

5. Find the slope



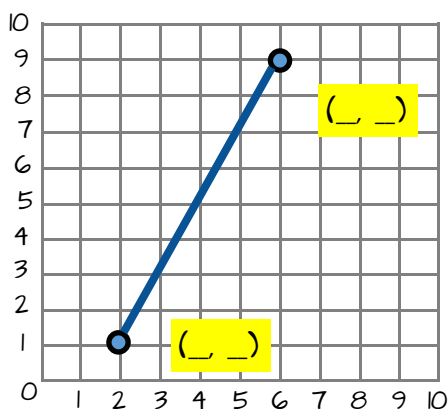
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

5. Find the slope



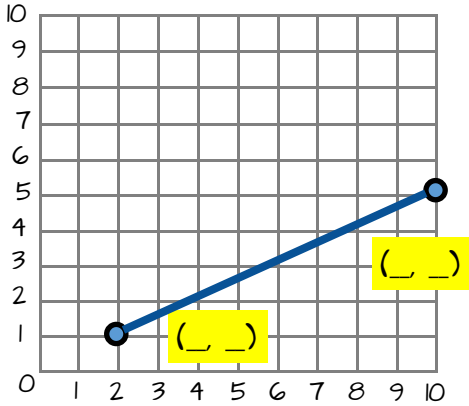
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

6. Find the slope



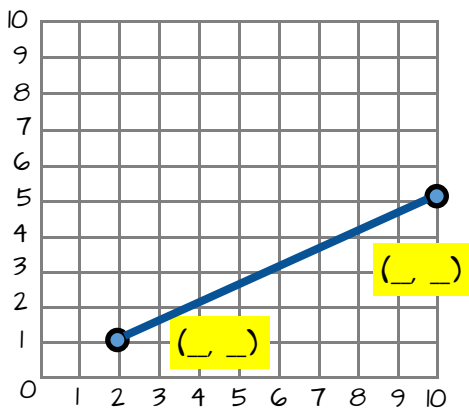
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

6. Find the slope



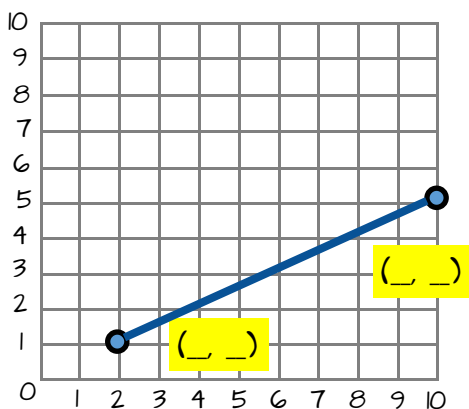
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

6. Find the slope



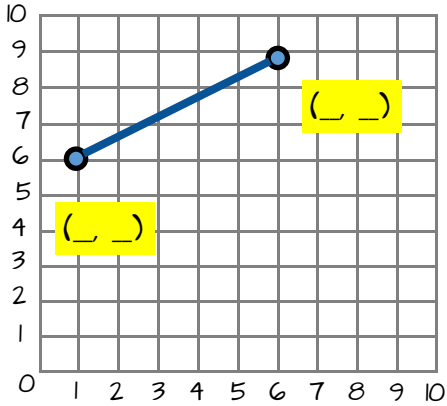
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

7. Find the slope



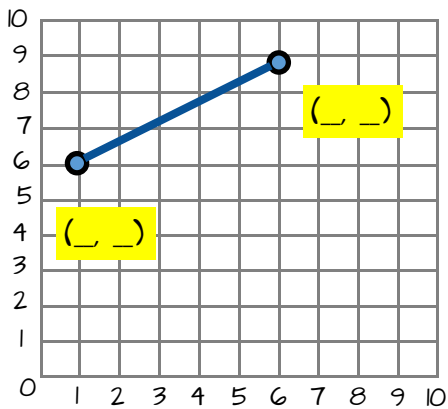
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

7. Find the slope



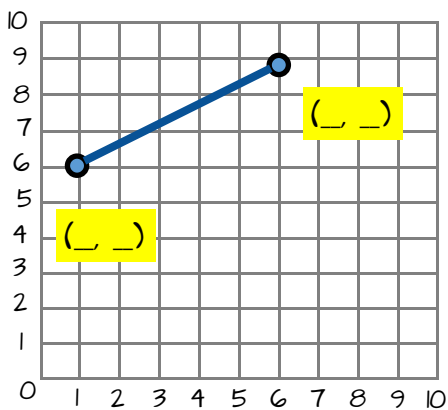
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

7. Find the slope



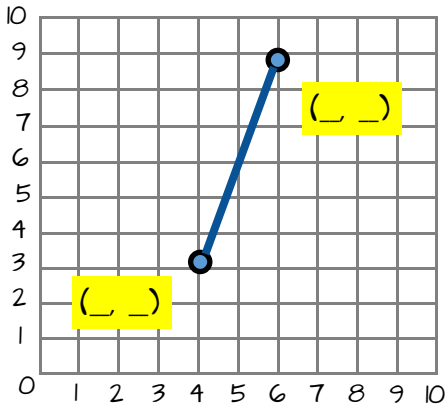
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

8. Find the slope



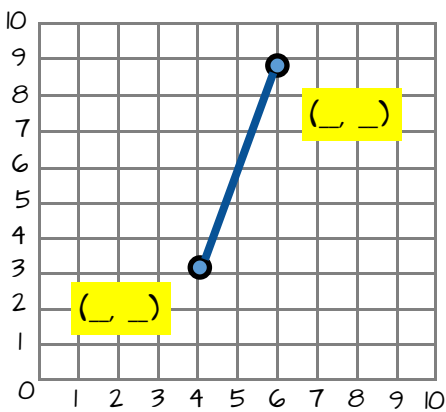
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

8. Find the slope



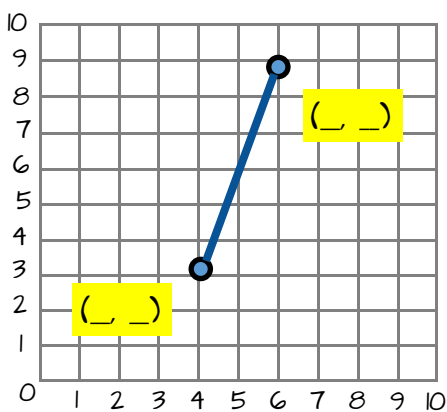
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

8. Find the slope



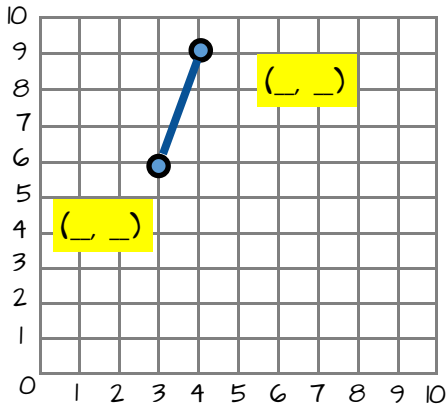
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

9. Find the slope



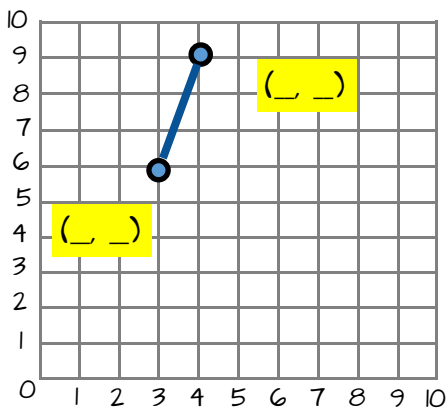
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

9. Find the slope



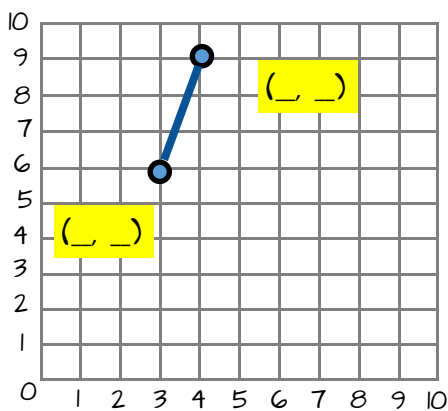
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

9. Find the slope



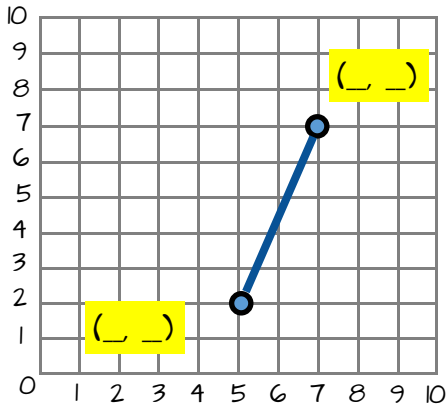
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

10. Find the slope



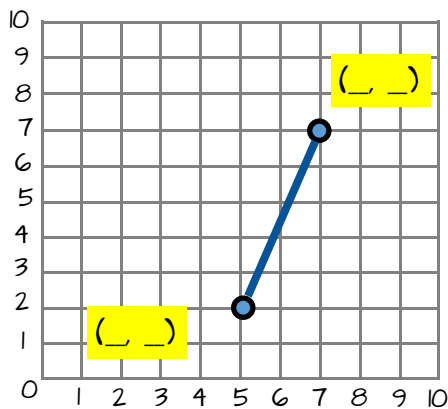
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

10. Find the slope



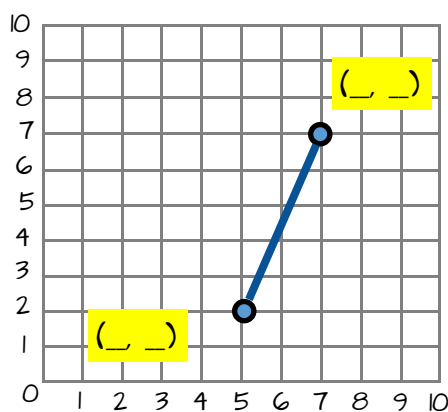
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

10. Find the slope



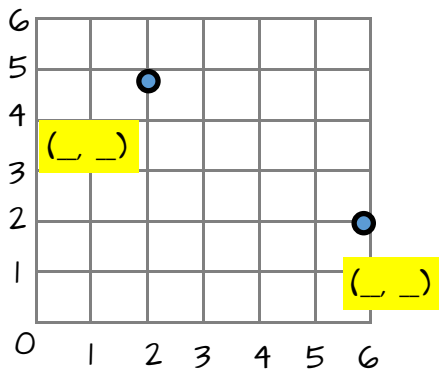
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

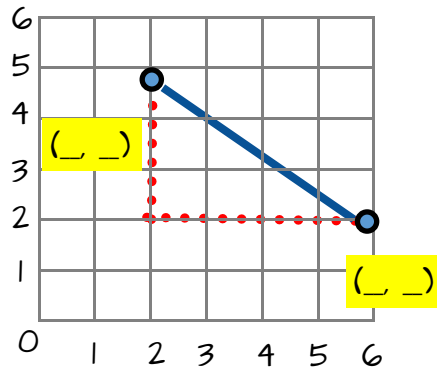
$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

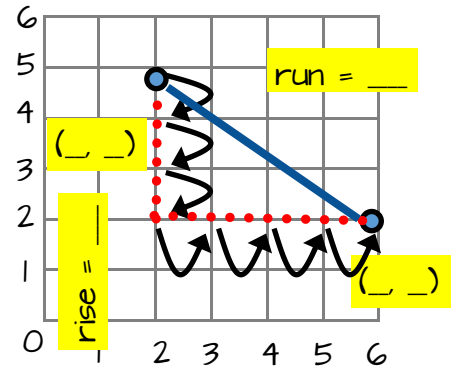
Negative slope



Label the coordinates.

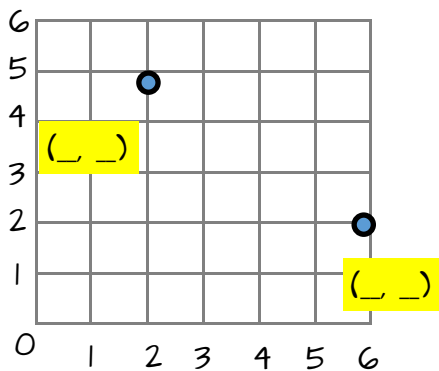


Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).

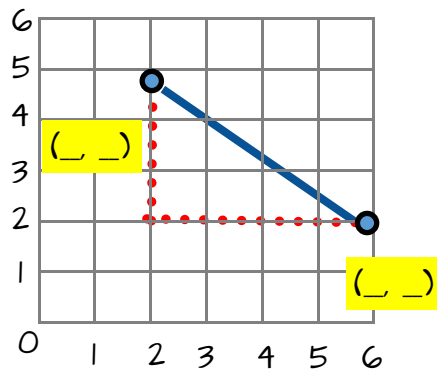


This slope is going down towards the right. It is a negative slope. The rise is -3 and the run is 4.

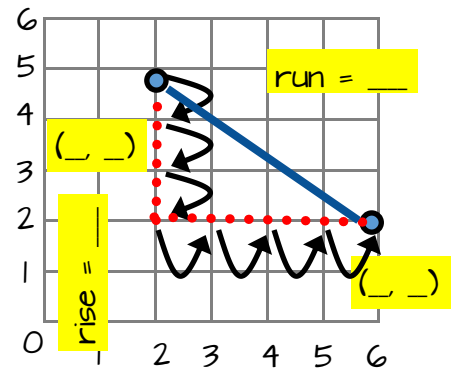
Negative slope



Label the coordinates.

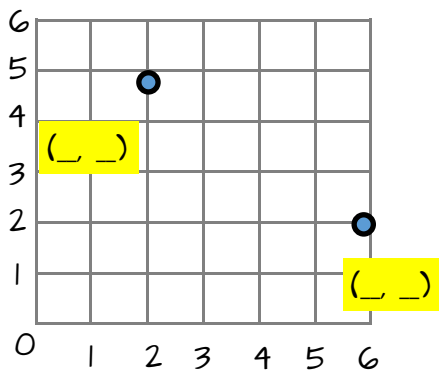


Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).

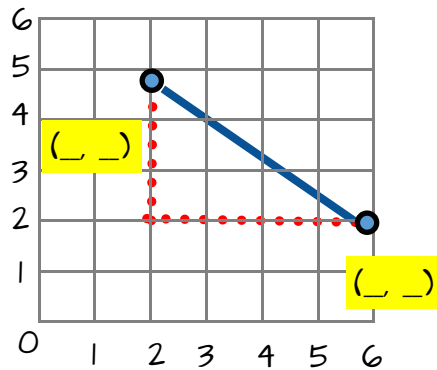


This slope is going down towards the right. It is a negative slope. The rise is -3 and the run is 4.

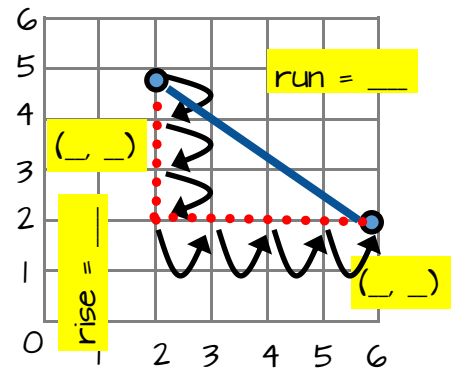
Negative slope



Label the coordinates.



Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



This slope is going down towards the right. It is a negative slope. The rise is -3 and the run is 4.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

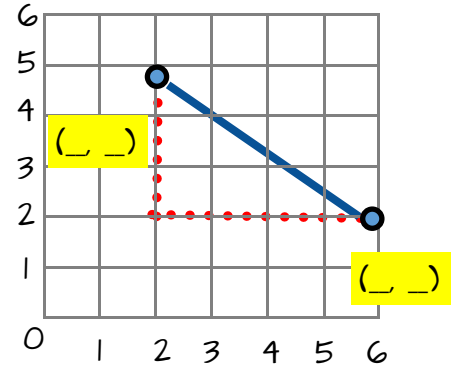
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = 2$
$y_1 = 5$
Δx
$x_2 = 6$
$x_1 = 2$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(2 - 5)}{(6 - 2)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{-3}{4}$$



The slope of the line is _____
 For every rise of _____ there is a run of _____.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

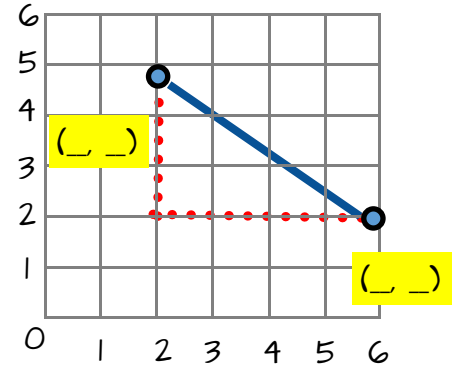
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = 2$
$y_1 = 5$
Δx
$x_2 = 6$
$x_1 = 2$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(2 - 5)}{(6 - 2)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{-3}{4}$$



The slope of the line is _____
 For every rise of _____ there is a run of _____.

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

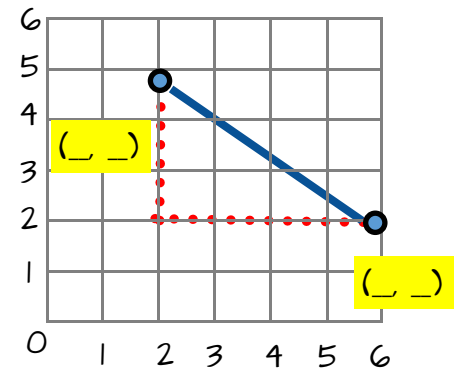
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = 2$
$y_1 = 5$
Δx
$x_2 = 6$
$x_1 = 2$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

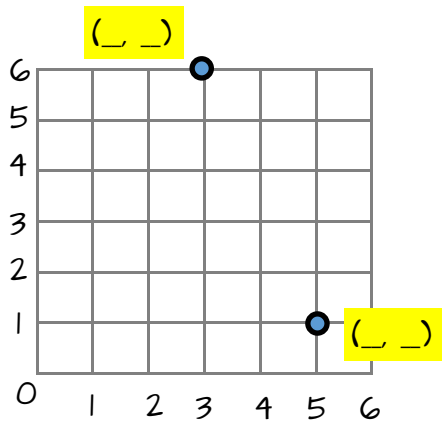
$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(2 - 5)}{(6 - 2)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{-3}{4}$$

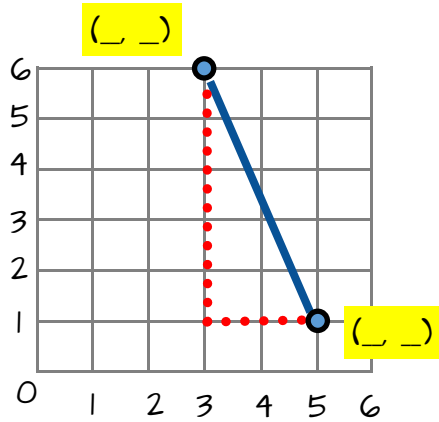


The slope of the line is _____
 For every rise of _____ there is a run of _____.

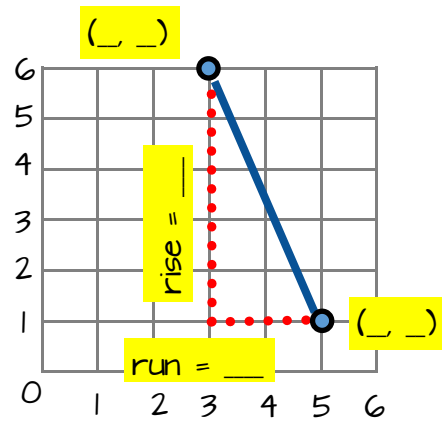
II. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.

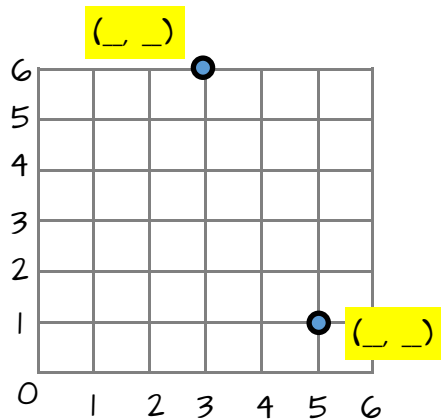


Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).

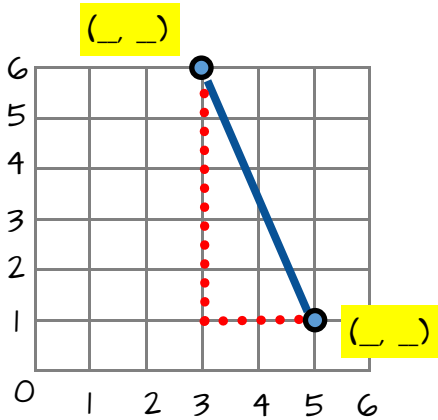


This slope is going down towards the right. It is a negative slope. The rise is ___ and the run is ___

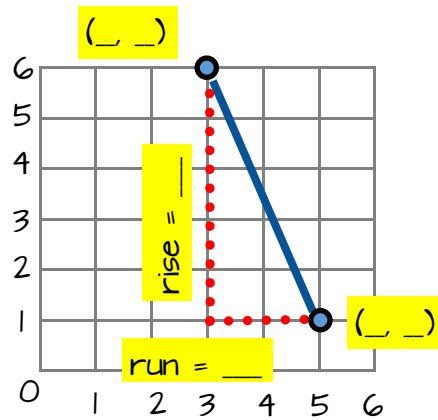
II. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.

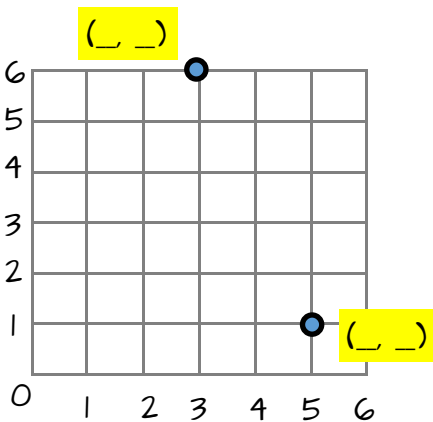


Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).

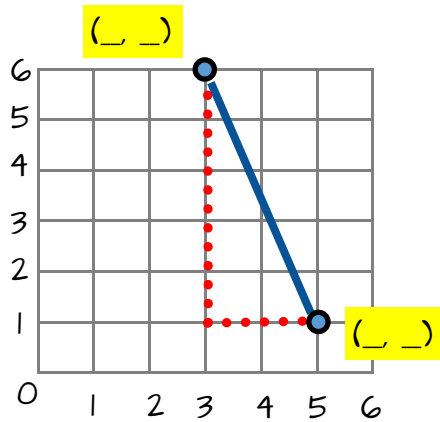


This slope is going down towards the right. It is a negative slope. The rise is ___ and the run is ___

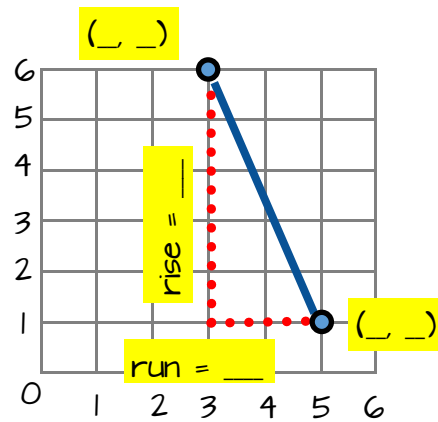
II. Find the slope



Label the coordinates.



Draw the change in vertical distance (rise) and the horizontal distance (run).



This slope is going down towards the right. It is a negative slope. The rise is ___ and the run is ___

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

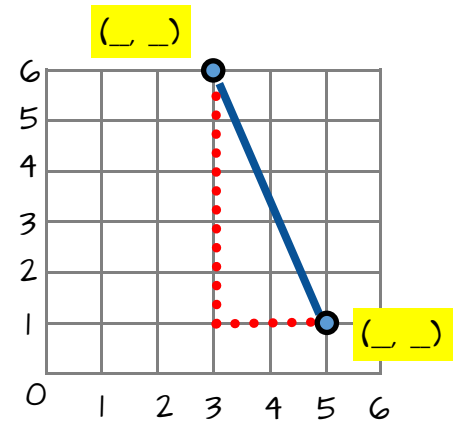
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
Δx
$x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\underline{\quad}}{\underline{\quad}}$$



The slope of the line is .

For every rise of there is a run of .

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

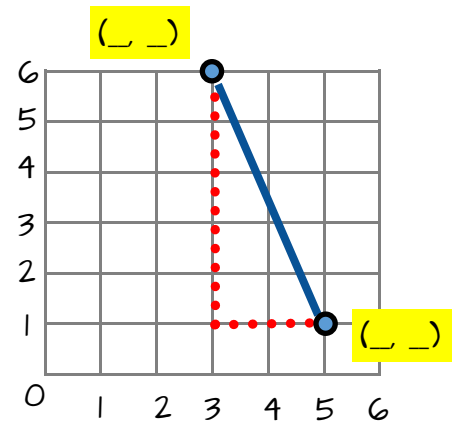
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
Δx
$x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\underline{\quad}}{\underline{\quad}}$$



The slope of the line is .

For every rise of there is a run of .

Change in y (rise)

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

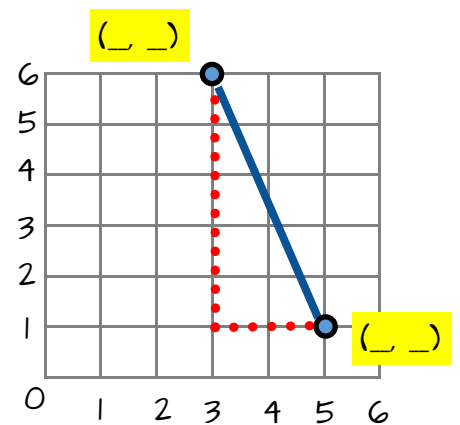
Change in x (run)

Δy
$y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
Δx
$x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
$x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}{(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})}$$

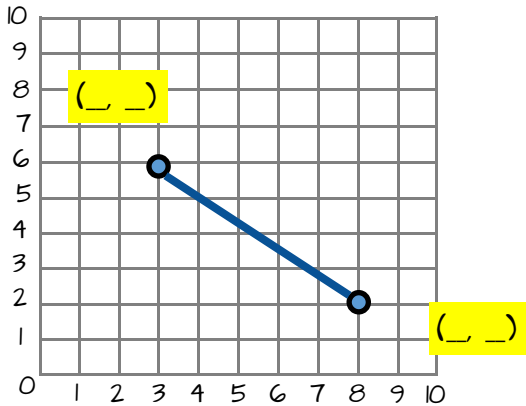
$$\text{Slope} = \frac{\underline{\quad}}{\underline{\quad}}$$



The slope of the line is .

For every rise of there is a run of .

12. Find the slope



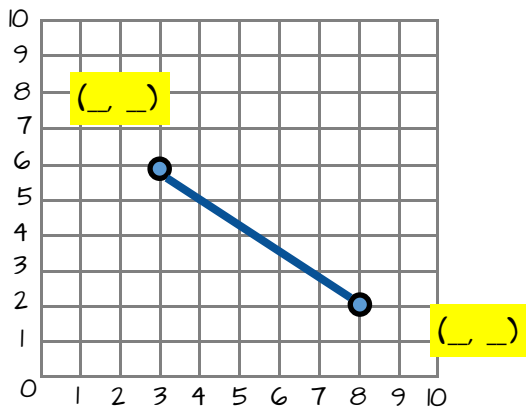
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

12. Find the slope



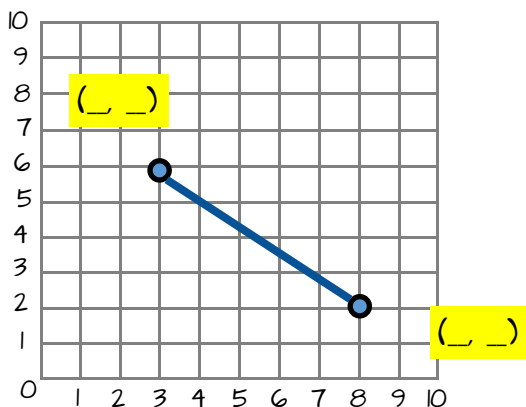
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

12. Find the slope



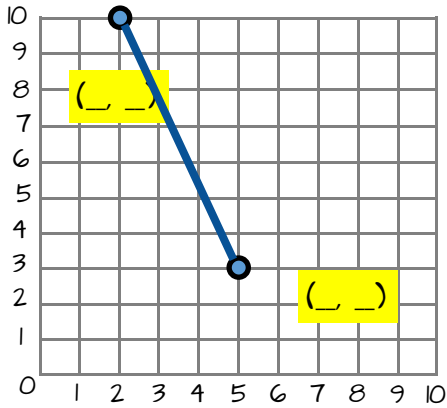
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

13. Find the slope



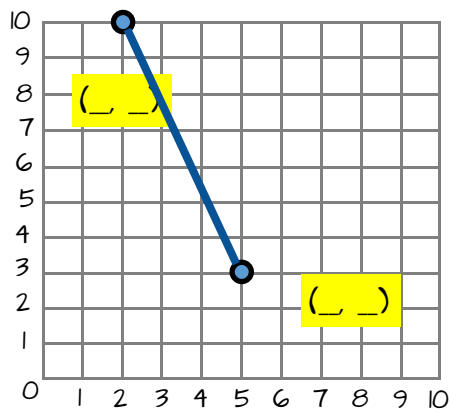
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

13. Find the slope



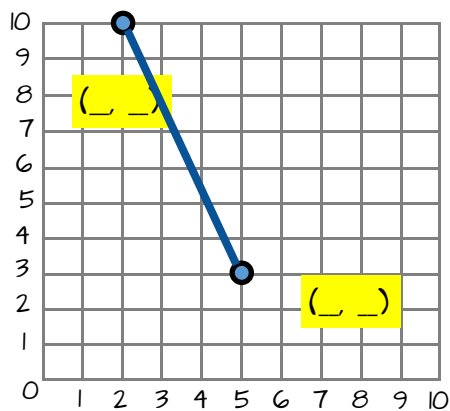
Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =

13. Find the slope



Δy
 $y_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $y_1 = \underline{\quad}$
 Δx
 $x_2 = \underline{\quad}$
 $x_1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(y_2 - y_1)}{(x_2 - x_1)}$$

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{(\quad)}{(\quad)}$$

Slope =